Water DATA scarcity – overcoming gaps for decisionmaking towards climate resilience

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Today's session

Presenters:



Thomas Gross Hycon Founder, Owner



Donald Kasongi Nile Basin Discourse Secretary General



Salvador Peña-Haro photrack CTO





Marisa Ruoss Swiss Water Partnership

Coordination:



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SWP in a Nutshell

Vision

A globally recognized brand of high quality solutions for water security and the multistakeholder platform for water in Switzerland. The SWP is a knowledge hub, a knowledge setter and a cross-sector innovation carrier.

Why

Contribute to work towards a water secure world for all.







Challenges and «work-arounds»

HYCON GmbH - Thomas Gross

Water Data Scarcity





Rural areas are «white spots»

- No data available for small rivers
- No time for data collection (run-off data)
- No money for run-off assessments
- No access













Example WASH in rural DPRK

- Gravity-fed water supply systems
- No long-time run-off data
- No information on the catchment area







Example RE in rural Afghanistan

- Water for various applications (Energy, Milling)
- No run-off data
- Limited access (security, location)









Hands-on experience

- No-one can guess the run-off or annual patterns
- Local people have experience what applications are feasible and related to changes over the time
- Example: a traditional mill consumes 150 l/s







Climate Change and Weather



HYCON GmbH - Thomas Gross - www.hycon.ch





Path to overcome data scarcity

- Reliability over accuracy for rural applications, reliable estimations (± 20%) for average and "worst-case" are needed
- Hands-on solutions / rules-of-thumb are helpful for small applications
- Forster innovation to gain low-cost solutions for data collection
- Open data policy for hydrological data
- Research on impacts of climate change on precipitation and run-off patterns





A Nile Perspective

Nile Basin Discourse - Donald Kasongi

Water Data Scarcity





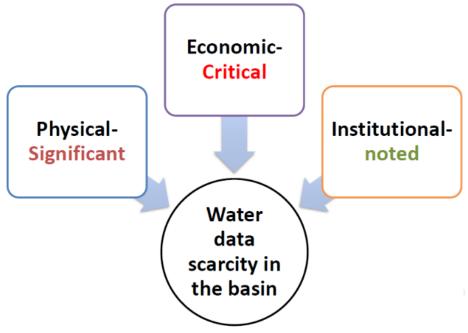
A Nile Perspective







Water Data Scarcity in the Nile Basin -Typologies



Nile Basin Discourse - Donald Kasongi - donaldkasongi@yahoo.com.uk

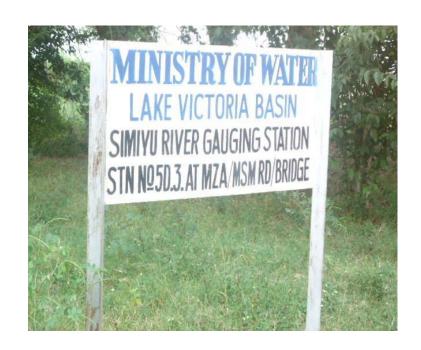


Water Data Scarcity and the Climate Dilemma

Reality check from the field:

(The complex Water- Climate nexus)

- Growing uncertainties with ever "changing normal(s)"
- Demand for timely, evidence-based decision making
- Multi Stakeholder interests planning, monitoring & investment, sovereign actions







Why water data scarcity in the Nile Basin?

Why data?

 Water data critical for water security -to address threat to people, the planet and the path to inclusive and sustainable development

Water data is required for:

- Mapping opportunities for mitigating risks & mitigating vulnerability & investments and management regimes
- Stimulating innovations, adaptation to climate change
- Policy and practice recommendations / reforms
- Decision support and managing conflicts

Status Quo:

- Nile basin initiative -NBI Intergovernmental body in collaboration with Nile Discourse Forum (NBD)
- Issue with data Availability, Access, Utilization
- Water data too generic
- Hardly geographically-local contexts
- Lack of longitudinal trends
- Ongoing efforts under the NBI Decision Support System but no community level friendly





Opportunities for alleviating water data scarcity

- Availability. Invest in Engagement across multiple sources and actors, innovate use of emerging mapping technologies (GIS, remote sensing), quality, ethics including ethnographic
- Accessibility. Simplify formats accountability, transparency
- Utilization. Embed data in policies, promote purposive sharing, monitoring, evidence-based, context-relevant, user friendly







New technologies to alleviate data scarcity

photrack AG - Salvador Peña Haro

Water Data Scarcity





Lack of data

Traditional monitoring methods:

- High investment costs
- Difficult to operate and maintain
- Prone to vandalism
- Data collection, error prone
- Data sharing and access



New technologies can alleviate data scarcity

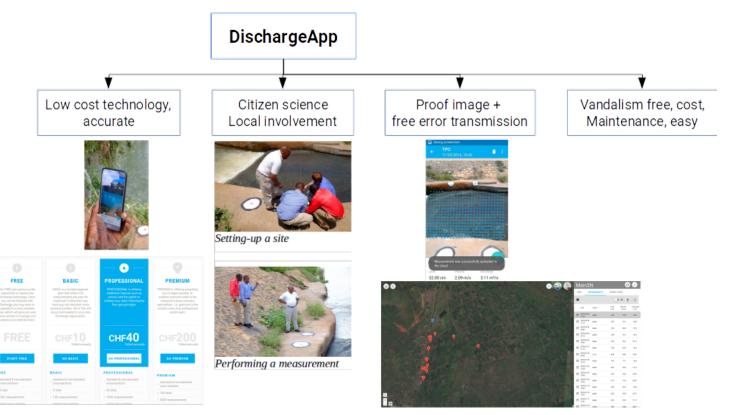
- Use of smartphones to measure discharge
- Cost-efficient
- Non-intrusive
- Non-expert -> Local involvement
- Data transmission is error free
- Data validation
- Data can be (is) open
- Proof image (Evidence-based)







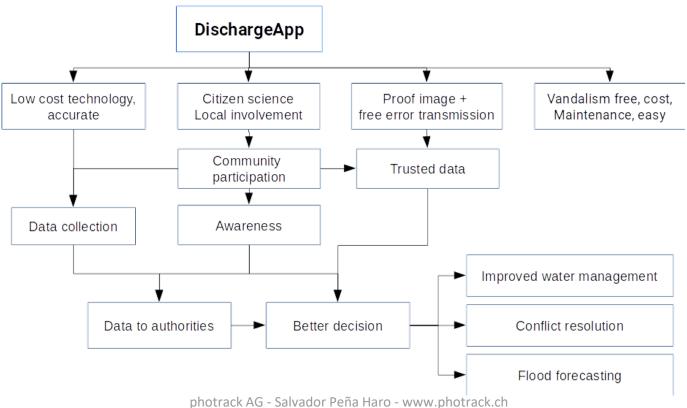
DischargeApp







DischargeApp







Challenges

- Service center needed
- Contractual agreements
- 5.5 USD per site per month
- Budget allocation
- Motivation
- Data disconnected from authorities
- Standard Operating Procedures
- Validation of new technologies
- Data compatibility





Conclusion

- Keyword: Data governance
- Local level: even if data is available, it's restricted to use or not shared
- Traditional data collection methods are costly and difficult to maintain
- International/ transboundary level: which data is used? is the data functional also on community level?
- Long term data for climate resilience is not available.



Panel Discussion

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Take away messages

- reliable, open data is needed
- an institution has to be in charge
- low-cost data collection with inclusion of the local communities will increase awareness
- for policy reforms concerning climate change, long-time series need to be collected --> starting now to see trends









